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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/622,660	07/21/2003	Takashi Yamaguchi	2018-743	3836
23117 75	90 08/08/2006		EXAMINER	
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC 901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR			CECIL, TERRY K	
ARLINGTON,	•	JK	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1723	
			DATE MAILED: 08/08/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Astice Company		10/622,660	YAMAGUCHI ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Mr. Terry K. Cecil	1723				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE - External control	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply o period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 Ju	une 2006.					
·	•	action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	osecution as to the merits is				
•	closed in accordance with the practice under E	·					
Disposit	tion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-8,10,11,13 and 15-22</u> is/are pendin	g in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-8, 10-11, 13, 15-22</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	tion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	- · · ·	• •				
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) 又	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. 8 119/a)-(d) or (f)				
		priority under 55 C.C.C. § 115(a)-(a) or (i).				
۵,	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received					
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		ion No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •					
	application from the International Bureau	·	ou in this realistic stage				
* ;	See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
Attachmer	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>one</u> .	6) Other:	CALCULA CAPPRICATION (F. 1 O+ 102)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/622,660

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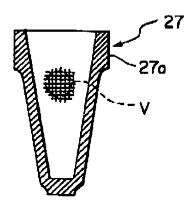
DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 10-11, 15-17, 19-20 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Isozumi et al. (U.S. 6,190,139 B1). Isozumi teaches a filter with a bore hole



of an inlet of fuel injector (figure 1). The filter 27 includes an inlet section 27a (fixed in the peripheral surface of the passageway of the bore hole), a closed end, and a filter section therebetween. Because of the tapering of the filter section a tubular passage exists between the filter section and the inner surface of the bore. Because of the shape of the sides of the

closed end, the cross-sectional area between the outer surface thereof and the inner surface of the bore gradually increases in a downstream direction. As shown in figure 4, the inlet section gradually tapers to the filter section, such that the examiner contends that there certainly exists a cross-sectional area of the tubular passage (adjacent the inlet section) that is equal to or smaller than the total cross-sectional area of the filter openings (27b, shown in figure 5) [as in claims 1,

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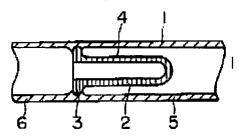
10-11, 15-17, 19-20 and 22], wherein the end is considered to be *approximately* conically-shaped, the diameter thereof increasing in a fluid flow direction [as in claim 3].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. Claims 2, 18 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isozumi, in view of JP 5-269316, hereinafter '316. '316 teaches a hemispherically-shaped



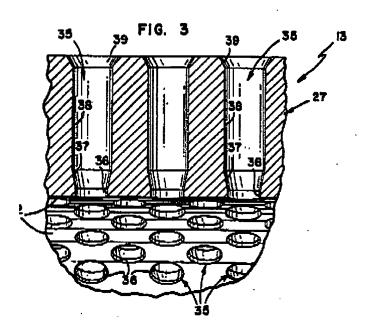
5. closed end [as in claim 2] and a tubular passageway of substantially constant cross-sectional area [as in claims 18 and 21]. It is considered that it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at

the time of the invention to have the filter section of Isozumi to create a tubular passageway of substantially constant cross-section (after the initial taper) and to have the hemispherically-shaped closed end, since '316 teaches the benefit of a simplified construction (abstract) in a filter to be used in the same environment as that of Isozumi and that also seeks to control pore size.

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6. Claims 4-8 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isozumi in view of Neuman (U.S. 5,062,952).



Neuman teaches filter openings having the claimed tapers, steps to a taper (e.g. that from straight bore 36 to tapered bore 37), and different shapes and combinations of shapes [as in claims 4-8]. As explained above, the filter of Isozumi is in an inlet of an injection [as in claim 13]. It is considered that it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in

the art at the time of the invention to have the filter section with filter opening design of Neuman in the invention of Isozumi, since Neuman teaches the benefits of preventing clogging of bores (col. 4, lines 31-37) and using a smaller mass of filter element with the same number of openings without weakening the filter element (col. 4, lines 50-55).

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection necessitated by amendment.

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Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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9. Contact Information:

- Examiner Mr. Terry K. Cecil can be reached at (571) 272-1138 at the Carlisle campus in Alexandria, Virginia for any inquiries concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner. Note that the examiner is on the increased flextime schedule but can normally be found in the office during the hours of 8:30a to 4:30p, on at least four days during the week M-F.
- Wanda Walker, the examiner's supervisor, can be reached at (571) 272-1151 if attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful.
- The Fax number for this art unit for official faxes is (571) 273-8300.
- Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mr. Terry K. Cecil Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723

TKC August 4, 2006